

## Avaya Solution & Interoperability Test Lab

# Application Notes for Configuring the Ingate SIParator with Avaya SIP Enablement Services and Avaya Communication Manager to Support SIP Trunking - Issue 1.0

#### **Abstract**

These Application Notes describe the procedures for configuring the Ingate SIParator with Avaya SIP Enablement Services and Avaya Communication Manager.

The Ingate SIParator is a SIP session border controller (SBC) that manages and protects the flow of SIP signaling and related media across an untrusted network. The compliance testing focused on telephony scenarios between two enterprise sites connected via a SIP trunk across an untrusted network.

Information in these Application Notes has been obtained through DevConnect compliance testing and additional technical discussions. Testing was conducted via the DevConnect Program at the Avaya Solution and Interoperability Test Lab.

## 1. Introduction

These Application Notes describe the procedures for configuring the Ingate SIParator with Avaya SIP Enablement Services (SES) and Avaya Communication Manager.

The Ingate SIParator is a SIP session border controller (SBC) that manages and protects the flow of SIP signaling and related media across an untrusted network. The compliance testing focused on telephony scenarios between two enterprise sites connected via a SIP trunk across an untrusted network.

## 1.1. Configuration

**Figure 1** illustrates the test configuration. The test configuration shows two enterprise sites connected via a SIP trunk across an untrusted IP network. Alternatively, the test configuration could have shown a SIP service provider connected via a SIP trunk to the main site and the configuration of the main site equipment would have been very similar. The main site has a Juniper Networks Netscreen-50 firewall at the edge of the network restricting unwanted traffic between the untrusted network and the enterprise. Also connected to the edge of the main site is a SIParator SBC. The public side of the SIParator is connected to the untrusted network and the private side is connected to the trusted corporate LAN. The SIParator could also reside in the demilitarized zone (DMZ) of the enterprise but this configuration was not tested.

All SIP traffic between sites flows through the SIParator. In this manner, the SIParator can protect the main site's infrastructure from any SIP-based attacks. The voice communication across the untrusted network uses SIP over UDP and RTP for the media streams. All non-SIP traffic bypasses the SIParator and flows directly between the untrusted network and the private LAN of the enterprise if permitted by the data firewall.

Connected to the corporate LAN at the main site is an Avaya SES and an Avaya S8300 Server running Avaya Communication Manager in an Avaya G700 Media Gateway. Avaya IA 770 Intuity Audix is also running on the Avaya S8300 Server. Endpoints include both SIP and non-SIP endpoints. An ISDN-PRI trunk connects the media gateway to the PSTN.

Located at the branch site is an Avaya SES and an Avaya S8300 Server running Avaya Communication Manager in an Avaya G350 Media Gateway. Avaya IA 770 Intuity Audix is also running on the Avaya S8300 Server. Endpoints include both SIP and non-SIP endpoints. For simplicity, there is no network address translation (NAT) being performed at the branch site. All IP addresses located at the branch are routable across the untrusted network.

The SIP endpoints located at both sites are registered to the local Avaya SES. Each site has a separate SIP domain: *business.com* for the main site and *dev4.com* for the branch. SIP and H.323 telephones at both sites use the local TFTP server to obtain their configuration files.

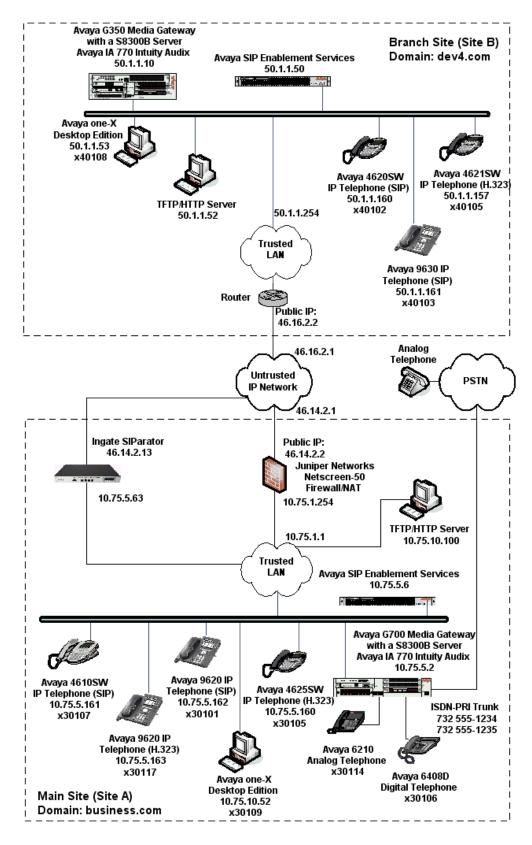


Figure 1: SIParator SIP Trunking Test Configuration

# 2. Equipment and Software Validated

The following equipment and software/firmware were used for the sample configuration:

Equipment	Software/Firmware
Avaya S8300B Server with Avaya G700	Avaya Communication Manager 5.0
Media Gateway (Main Site)	Service Pack (R015x.00.0.825.4-15175)
Avaya IA 770 Intuity Audix	
Avaya S8500B Server (Main Site)	Avaya SIP Enablement Services 5.0
Avaya S8300B Server with Avaya G350	Avaya Communication Manager 4.0.1
Media Gateway (Branch Site)	Service Pack (R014x.00.0.731.2-14300)
Avaya IA 770 Intuity Audix	
Avaya S8500A Server (Branch Site)	Avaya SIP Enablement Services 4.0
Avaya 4621SW IP Telephones (H.323)	H.323 version 2.8.3
Avaya 4625SW IP Telephones (H.323)	
Avaya 4610SW IP Telephone (SIP)	SIP version 2.2.2
Avaya 4620SW IP Telephones (SIP)	
Avaya 9620 IP Telephones (H.323)	Avaya one-X Deskphone Edition 1.5
Avaya 9620 IP Telephones (SIP)	Avaya one-X Deskphone Edition SIP
Avaya 9630 IP Telephones (SIP)	2.0.3
Avaya one-X Desktop Edition (SIP)	2.1 Service Pack 2
Avaya 6408D Digital Telephone	-
Avaya 6210 Analog Telephone	-
Analog Telephone	-
Windows PCs (TFTP/HTTP Server)	Windows XP Professional SP 2
Juniper Networks Netscreen-50	5.4.0r9.0
Ingate SIParator	4.6.2
SIP Trunking Module	
QoS Module (optional)	

# 3. Configure Avaya Communication Manager

This section describes the Avaya Communication Manager configuration at the main site to support the network shown in **Figure 1**. It assumes the procedures necessary to support SIP and connectivity to Avaya SES have been performed as described in [3]. It also assumes that an off-PBX station (OPS) has been configured on Avaya Communication Manager for each SIP endpoint in the configuration as described in [3] and [4].

This section is divided into two parts. **Section 3.1** will summarize the user-defined parameters used in the installation procedures that are important to understanding the solution as a whole. It will not attempt to show the installation procedures in their entirety. It will also describe any deviations from the standard procedures, if any.

**Section 3.2** will describe procedures beyond the initial SIP installation procedures that are necessary for interoperating with the SIParator.

The configuration of Avaya Communication Manager was performed using the System Access Terminal (SAT). After the completion of the configuration, perform a **save translation** command to make the changes permanent.

This configuration must be repeated for Avaya Communication Manager at the branch using values appropriate for the branch from **Figure 1**. This includes but is not limited to the IP addresses, SIP domain and user extensions.

## 3.1. Summary of Initial SIP Installation

This section summarizes the applicable user-defined parameters used during the SIP installation procedures.

#### Step **Description** 1. IP network region The Avaya S8300 Server, Avaya SES and IP (H.323/SIP) endpoints were located in a single IP network region (IP network region 1) using the parameters described below. Use the **display ip-network-region** command to view these settings. The example below shows the values used for the compliance test. **Authoritative Domain**: business.com This field was configured to match the domain name configured on Avaya SES. This name will appear in the "From" header of SIP messages originating from this IP region. Name: *Default* Any descriptive name may be used. Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio: ves By default, IP-IP direct audio (media shuffling) is enabled to allow audio traffic to be sent directly between IP endpoints without using media resources in the Avaya Media Gateway. Shuffling can be further restricted at the trunk level on the Signaling Group form. Codec Set: 1 The codec set contains the set of codecs available for calls within this IP network region. This includes SIP calls since all necessary components are within the same region. display ip-network-region 1 Page 1 of 19 TP NETWORK REGION Region: 1 Location: Authoritative Domain: business.com Name: Default MEDIA PARAMETERS Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes Codec Set: 1 Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes UDP Port Min: 2048 IP Audio Hairpinning? n UDP Port Max: 3329 DIFFSERV/TOS PARAMETERS RTCP Reporting Enabled? y Call Control PHB Value: 46 RTCP MONITOR SERVER PARAMETERS Audio PHB Value: 46 Use Default Server Parameters Use Default Server Parameters? y Video PHB Value: 26 802.1P/Q PARAMETERS Call Control 802.1p Priority: 6 Audio 802.1p Priority: 6 Video 802.1p Priority: 5 AUDIO RESOURCE RESERVATION PARAMETERS H.323 IP ENDPOINTS RSVP Enabled? n H.323 Link Bounce Recovery? y Idle Traffic Interval (sec): 20 Keep-Alive Interval (sec): 5 Keep-Alive Count: 5

Step			D	escription				
2.	Codecs IP codec set 1 worder to allow the establishment. normal trade-of values used in the G.729AB, G.71	he codec used l The list include f of bandwidth he compliance	by a speces the coordinate versus versus versus. It should be the coordinate with the coordinate versus and the coordinate versus versu	ific call to be decs the enterior oice quality. hould be not	e negotiated erprise wishe  The examp	during s to sup le belo	call port w w show	ithin the
	display ip-cod					Page	1 of	2
		IP	Codec Set	-				
	Codec Set:	1						
	Audio Codec 1: G.711MU 2: G.729AB 3:	Silence Suppression n n	Frames Per Pkt 2 2	Packet Size(ms) 20 20				

## **Description** Step **Signaling Group** 3. For the compliance test, signaling group 1 was used for the signaling group associated with the SIP trunk group between Avaya Communication Manager and Avaya SES. Signaling group 1 was configured using the parameters highlighted below. All other fields were set as described in [3]. **Near-end Node Name**: *procr* This node name maps to the IP address of the Avaya S8300 Server. Node names are defined using the **change node-names ip** command. **Far-end Node Name**: SES This node name maps to the IP address of Avaya SES. **Far-end Network Region**: 1 This defines the IP network region which contains Avaya SES. • Far-end Domain: blank This domain will default to the domain specified in the IP network region form in **Step 1.** This domain is sent in the "To" header of SIP messages of calls using this signaling group. **Direct IP-IP Audio Connections**: y This field must be set to y to enable media shuffling on the SIP trunk. display signaling-group 1 SIGNALING GROUP Group Number: 1 Group Type: sip Transport Method: tls Near-end Node Name: procr Far-end Node Name: SES Near-end Listen Port: 5061 Far-end Listen Port: 5061 Far-end Network Region: 1 Far-end Domain: Bypass If IP Threshold Exceeded? n DTMF over IP: rtp-payload Direct IP-IP Audio Connections? y IP Audio Hairpinning? n Enable Layer 3 Test? n Session Establishment Timer(min): 3

## **Step Description**

#### 4. Trunk Group

For the compliance test, trunk group 1 was used for the SIP trunk group between Avaya Communication Manager and Avaya SES. Trunk group 1 was configured using the parameters highlighted below. All other fields were set as described in [3].

- **Signaling Group**: *1* This field is set to the signaling group shown in the previous step.
- Number of Members: 10 This field represents the number of trunks in the SIP trunk group. It determines how many simultaneous SIP calls can be supported by the configuration. Each SIP call between two SIP endpoints (whether internal or external) requires two SIP trunks for the duration of the call. Thus, a call from a SIP telephone to another SIP telephone will use two SIP trunks. A call between a non-SIP telephone and a SIP telephone will only use one trunk.

```
display trunk-group 1

TRUNK GROUP

Group Number: 1

Group Type: sip

CDR Reports: y

Group Name: SES Trk Grp

COR: 1

Direction: two-way

Outgoing Display? n

Dial Access? n

Queue Length: 0

Service Type: tie

Auth Code? n

Signaling Group: 1

Number of Members: 10
```

# 5. Trunk Group – continued

On Page 3:

- Verify the **Numbering Format** field is set to *public*. This field specifies the format of the calling party number sent to the far-end.
- The default values may be retained for the other fields.

```
display trunk-group 1
TRUNK FEATURES
ACA Assignment? n

Measured: none

Maintenance Tests? y

Numbering Format: public

UUI Treatment: service-provider

Replace Unavailable Numbers? n

Show ANSWERED BY on Display? y
```

Public Unknown Numbering Public unknown numbering defines the calling party number to be sent to the faree An entry was created for the trunk group defined in Step 4. In the example shown below, all calls originating from a 5-digit extension beginning with 3 and routed at trunk group 1 will be sent as a 5 digit calling number. This calling party number is to the far-end in the SIP "From" header.    Change public-unknown-numbering 0	Step			De	scription		•	•
An entry was created for the trunk group defined in <b>Step 4</b> . In the example shown below, all calls originating from a 5-digit extension beginning with 3 and routed at trunk group 1 will be sent as a 5 digit calling number. This calling party number is to the far-end in the SIP "From" header.    Change public-unknown-numbering 0	6.	Public Unkno	wn Number	ing				
NUMBERING - PUBLIC/UNKNOWN FORMAT  Total  Ext Ext Trk CPN CPN  Len Code Grp(s) Prefix Len  Total Administered: 2		An entry was of below, all calls trunk group 1	created for the soriginating will be sent a	e trunk group from a 5-digi s a 5 digit ca	defined in t extension	<b>Step 4</b> . In the exbeginning with 3	ample sh and rout	own ed across
Total  Ext Ext		change public		_		_	e 1 of	2
Ext Ext Trk CPN CPN Len Code Grp(s) Prefix Len Total Administered: 2			NUME	BERING - PUBLI	-, -	ORMAT		
Len Code Grp(s) Prefix Len  Total Administered: 2			m1-	CDM				
E 2 1 E Marriage 240						Total Administ	ered: 2	
I S S Maximum Entries. 240		5 3	1		-	Manadana Dak		

# 3.2. Configure SIP Trunk and Routing to the Branch Site

To communicate to the branch site, a second SIP trunk with the appropriate call routing must be configured on Avaya Communication Manager. This SIP trunk will be used to route SIP calls to Avaya SES that are destined to the branch site SIP domain.

Description
Signaling Group  For the compliance test, signaling group 6 was used for the signaling group associated with the SIP trunk group defined for branch site calls (see Step 2). Signaling group 6 was configured using the same parameters as signaling group 1 in Section 3.1 with the exception of the far-end domain. The Far-end Domain field is set to the SIParator private side IP address. In the case of the branch site, the Far-end Domain field would be set to the SIParator public IP address at the main site.
display signaling-group 6 SIGNALING GROUP
Group Number: 6 Group Type: sip Transport Method: tls
Near-end Node Name: procr Far-end Node Name: SES Near-end Listen Port: 5061 Far-end Listen Port: 5061 Far-end Network Region: 1 Far-end Domain: 10.75.5.63
Bypass If IP Threshold Exceeded? n
DTMF over IP: rtp-payload Direct IP-IP Audio Connections? y IP Audio Hairpinning? n Enable Layer 3 Test? n Session Establishment Timer(min): 3

# Step 2 Trunk Croup

#### 2. Trunk Group

For the compliance test, trunk group 6 was used for the SIP trunk group defined for branch site calls. Trunk group 6 was configured using the same parameters as trunk group 1 in **Section 3.1, Step 4** except the **Signaling Group** field is set to 6. This includes the settings on **Page 3** of the trunk group form (not shown).

**Description** 

```
display trunk-group 6

TRUNK GROUP

Group Number: 6

Group Type: sip

CDR Reports: y

Group Name: Site2SES

Direction: two-way

Dial Access? n

Queue Length: 0

Service Type: tie

Auth Code? n

Page 1 of 21

TRUNK GROUP

Outgoing Display? n

Night Service:

Auth Code? n

Signaling Group: 6

Number of Members: 10
```

## 3. **Public Unknown Numbering**

A new entry was created for the trunk group defined in **Step 2**. In the example shown below, all calls originating from a 5-digit extension beginning with 3 and routed across trunk group 6 will be sent as a 5-digit calling number. This calling party number is sent to the far-end in the SIP "From" header.

char	nge public-unk	nown-numbe:	ring 0			Page 1	of	2
		NUMBE	RING - PUBL	IC/UNKNOWN FO	RMAT			
		_	_	Total				
Ext	Ext	Trk	CPN	CPN				
Len	Code	Grp(s)	Prefix	Len				
					Total Admi	inistered:	3	
5	3	1		5	Maximur	n Entries:	240	
5	3	6		5				

#### 4. **Automatic Alternate Routing**

Automatic Alternate Routing (AAR) was used to route calls to the branch site. In the example shown, numbers that begin with 4 and are 5 digits long use route pattern 6. Route pattern 6 routes calls to the SIP trunk defined for branch site calls.

```
display aar analysis 4

AAR DIGIT ANALYSIS TABLE

Percent Full: 3

Dialed Total Route Call Node ANI
String Min Max Pattern Type Num Reqd
4 5 5 6 aar n
```

#### Step **Description** 5. **Route Pattern** For the compliance test, route pattern 6 was used for calls destined for the branch site. Route pattern 6 was configured using the parameters highlighted below. Pattern Name: Any descriptive name. **Grp No:** 6 This field is set to the trunk group number defined in **Step 2**. **FRL**: 0 This field is the Facility Restriction Level of the trunk. It must be set to an appropriate level to allow authorized users to access the trunk. The level of 0 is the least restrictive. change route-pattern 6 1 of 3 Page Pattern Number: 6 Pattern Name: Site2SES SCCAN? n Secure SIP? n Grp FRL NPA Pfx Hop Toll No. Inserted DCS/ IXC No Mrk Lmt List Del Digits QSIG Dgts Intw 1: 6 n user 2: n user 3: user 4: n user 5: n user 6: user BCC VALUE TSC CA-TSC ITC BCIE Service/Feature PARM No. Numbering LAR 0 1 2 M 4 W Request Dgts Format Subaddress 1: y y y y y n n rest none

rest

rest

rest

rest

rest

2: yyyyyn n

3: y y y y y n n

5: yyyyyn n

6: уууууп п

4: y y y y y n n

none

none

none

none

none

# 4. Configure Avaya SIP Enablement Services

This section covers the configuration of Avaya SES at the main site. Avaya SES is configured via an Internet browser using the administration web interface. It is assumed that the Avaya SES software and the license file have already been installed on the server. During the software installation, an installation script is run from the Linux shell of the server to specify the IP network properties of the server along with other parameters. In addition, it is assumed that the setup screens of the administration web interface have been used to initially configure Avaya SES. For additional information on these installation tasks, refer to [5].

Each SIP endpoint used in the compliance test that registers with Avaya SES requires that a user and media server extension be created on Avaya SES. This configuration is not directly related to the interoperability of the SIParator so it is not included here. These procedures are covered in [5].

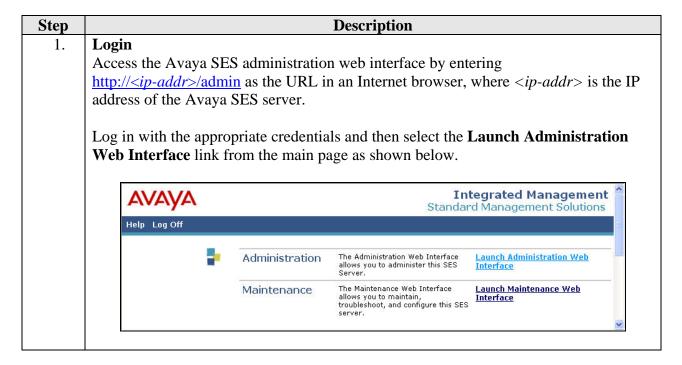
This section is divided into two parts. **Section 4.1** will summarize the user-defined parameters used in the installation procedures that are important to understanding the solution as a whole. It will not attempt to show the installation procedures in their entirety. It will also describe any deviations from the standard procedures, if any.

**Section 4.2** will describe procedures beyond the initial SIP installation procedures that are necessary for interoperating with the SIParator.

This configuration must be repeated for Avaya SES at the branch using values appropriate for the branch from **Figure 1**. This includes but is not limited to the IP addresses, SIP domain and user extensions.

## 4.1. Summarize Initial Configuration Parameters

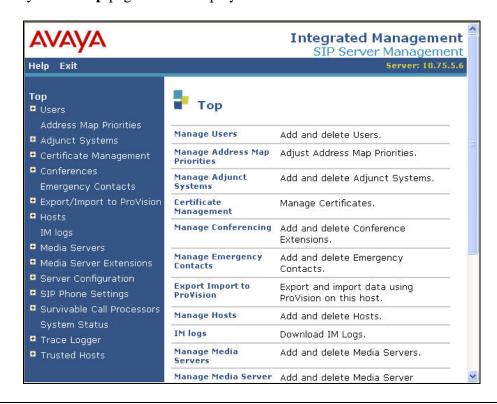
This section summarizes the applicable user-defined parameters used during the SIP installation procedures.



## **Step Description**

## 2. **Top Page**

The Avaya SES **Top** page will be displayed as shown below.



## 3. Initial Configuration Parameters

As part of the Avaya SES installation and initial configuration procedures, the following parameters were defined. Although these procedures are out of the scope of these Application Notes, the values used in the compliance test are shown below for reference. After each group of parameters is a brief description of how to view the values for that group from the Avaya SES administration home page shown in the previous step.

- SIP Domain: business.com
  - (To view, navigate to **Server Configuration→System Parameters**)
- Host IP Address (SES IP address): 10.75.5.6
- Host Type: **SES** combined home-edge

(To view, navigate to **Host→List**; click **Edit**)

- Media Server (Avaya Communication Manager) Interface Name: CMeast
- SIP Trunk Link Type: *TLS*
- SIP Trunk IP Address (Avaya S8300 Server IP address): 10.75.5.2

(To view, navigate to **Media Server→List**; click **Edit**)

# 4.2. SIParator Specific Configuration

This section describes additional Avaya SES configuration necessary for interoperating with the SIParator.

Step		Description					
1.	Trusted Host						
	The IP address of the SIParator must be configured as a trusted host in Avaya SES						
	that SIP messages from the SIParator are not challenged by Avaya SES. To view the						
		sted Hosts > List from the left pane of the Avaya					
		trusted host entry associated with the SIParator					
		t screen will appear. The parameters are described					
	below:	ID address of the CIDenaton					
	• IP Address: The private side						
	Comment: Any descriptive of	comment.					
	In the case of the branch site, the pub	olic IP address of the SIParator will be set up as a					
	trusted host on the branch site Avaya	<u> </u>					
	diasted nost on the station site in aye	. 525.					
	E CATA						
	Edit Ir	usted Host					
	IP Address*:	10.75.5.63					
	Host	10.75.5.6					
	Comment:	SIParator					
	Fields marked *	are required.					
	Update	3.0					

#### **Description** Step

#### 2. Media Server Address Map

A media server address map is needed to route calls from the remote site to a non-SIP phone at the local site. This is because neither the caller nor the called party is a registered user on Avaya SES with a media server extension assigned to it. Thus, Avaya SES does not know to route this call to Avaya Communication Manager. Thus to accomplish this task, a media server address map is needed.

To view the configured media server address maps, navigate to **Media Server \rightarrow List** in the left pane. Click the **Map** link next to the Avaya S8300 Server name (not shown). The list of media server address maps will appear. Each map defines criteria for matching calls to Avaya SES based on the contents of the SIP Request-URI of the call. If a call matches the map, then the call is directed to the **Contact**.

In the example below, three maps are shown. Only the maps named *ToMainCM* and **ToPSTN** were used for the compliance test. Both of these maps were associated to a **Contact** that directs the calls to the IP address of the Avaya S8300 Server (10.75.5.2) using port 5061 and TLS as the transport protocol. The user portion in the original request URI is substituted for \$(user) in the Contact expression shown below.

```
sip:$(user)@10.75.5.2:5061;transport=tls
```

To view or edit the call matching criteria of the map, click the **Edit** link next to the map name.



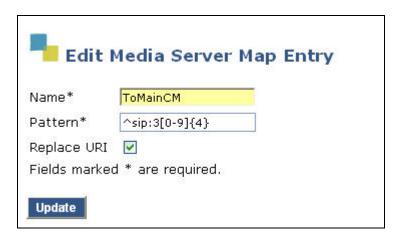
# Step Description Media Server Address Map – continued The content of the media server address map is described below. Name: Contains any descriptive name Pattern: Contains an expression to define the matching criteria for calls to be routed from the remote site to the local Avaya Communication Manager. For the address map named *ToMainCM*, the expression will match any URI that begins with *sip:3* followed by any digit between *0-9* for the next *4* digits.

found in [5].

• Replace URI: Check the box.

If any changes are made, click **Update**.

For the address map named *ToMainCM*:



Additional information on the syntax used for address map patterns can be

For the address map named *ToPSTN*:



# 5. Configure the Avaya SIP Telephones

The SIP telephones at each site will use the local Avaya SES as the call server. The table below shows an example of the SIP telephone network settings for each site.

	Main Site	Branch
Extension	30107	40102
IP Address	10.75.5.161	50.1.1.160
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	255.255.255.0
Router	10.75.5.1	50.1.1.254
File Server	10.75.10.100	50.1.1.52
DNS Server	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0
SIP Domain	business.com	dev4.com
Call Server or SIP	10.75.5.6	50.1.1.50
Proxy Server		

# 6. Configure the Ingate SIParator

This section describes the configuration of the Ingate SIParator. It assumes the SIP Trunking module has been installed. In addition, to support the setting of the Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) bits for quality of service, the QoS module must be installed and requires additional licensing.

The SIParator is configured initially with the Ingate Startup Tool. Based on the provided input, the Startup Tool will create an initial configuration that can be uploaded to the SIParator. The results of this configuration can then be viewed or expanded using the SIParator web interface. To access the web interface, enter the IP address of the SIParator as the destination address in a web browser. When prompted for login credentials, enter an appropriate user name and password.

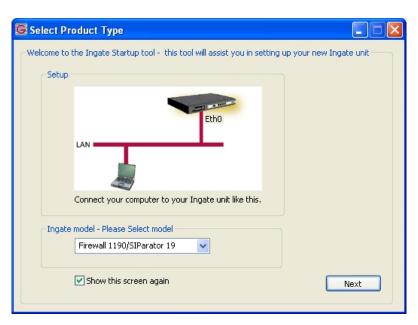
Much of the detailed SIP configuration is not visible from the Startup Tool but is driven by the type of IP-PBX and Service Provider chosen in the Startup Tool. The detailed SIP configuration resulting from the following procedure is captured in **Appendix A** for reference.

Step	Description
1.	Launch Startup Tool
	The Ingate Startup Tool is a windows application which is launched from the Windows
	Start Menu by navigating to <b>Start→All Programs→Shortcut to StartupTool.exe</b> .

## **Step Description**

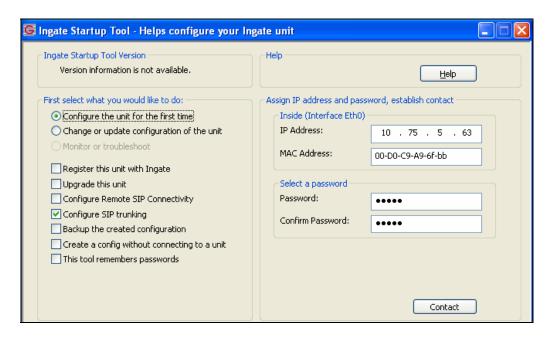
#### 2. **Select Product Type**

The initial Ingate Startup Tool screen is shown below. Verify the PC is running on the same LAN subnet as the SIParator as shown in the diagram. This is necessary in order to assign the initial IP address to the SIParator from the Startup Tool. Select the SIParator model from the **Ingate model** drop-down menu. Click the **Next** button.

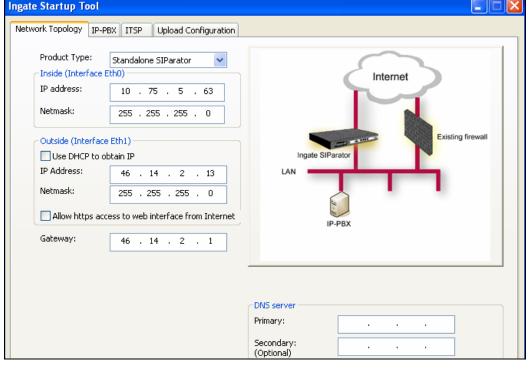


3. Select Configuration Options and Assign Private IP

Select options for **Configure the unit for the first time** and **Configure SIP trunking**. Enter the inside IP address and a password. Click the **Contact** button to establish a connection to the SIParator.



## Step **Description Network Topology** 4. On the next page, select the **Network Topology** tab. Select **Standalone SIParator** from the **Product Type** drop-down menu. Enter an IP address and subnet mask for both the inside and outside interfaces as shown in Figure 1. The Gateway field is set to the IP address of the default gateway on the public side of the SIParator. A DNS server was not used for the compliance test so the DNS server values were left blank. Ingate Startup Tool Network Topology IP-PBX ITSP Upload Configuration Product Type: Standalone SIParator Inside (Interface Eth0) Internet IP address:



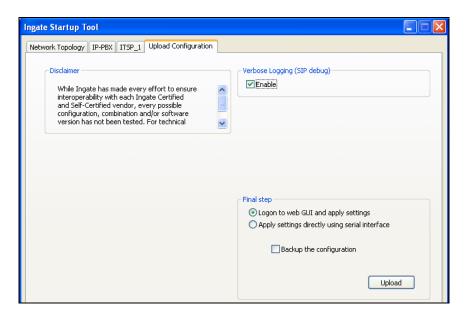
## **Description** Step 5. **IP-PBX Settings** Select the **IP-PBX** tab. Select *Avaya* from the **Type** drop-down menu. This will instruct the Startup Tool to configure the SIP parameters on the internal interface to be compatible with the Avaya SES. Enter the Avaya SES IP address in the IP Address field. Ingate Startup Tool Network Topology IP-PBX ITSP Upload Configuration IP-PBX (should be located on the LAN) Type: Avaya IP Address: 10 . 75 . 5 . Use domain name SIP Domain: **Service Provider Settings** 6. Select the ITSP\_1 tab. Select *Generic ITSP* from the Name drop-down menu. This will instruct the Startup Tool to configure the SIP parameters on the external interface to be compatible with a generic SIP service provider. In the IP Address field, enter the remote Avaya SES IP address on the untrusted side of the SIParator. Ingate Startup Tool Network Topology IP-PBX ITSP\_1 Upload Configuration Name: Generic ITSP Provider address Account information: DID (start IP Address: 50 . 1 . 1 . 50 Authentication name: Use domain name (same as user if blank) Advanced Domain: Prefix to match and remove from Inbound calls Password: Prefix: Use user account on incoming call Prefix to add to outbound calls Prefix: Forward 3xx messages

✓ Enable

## **Step Description**

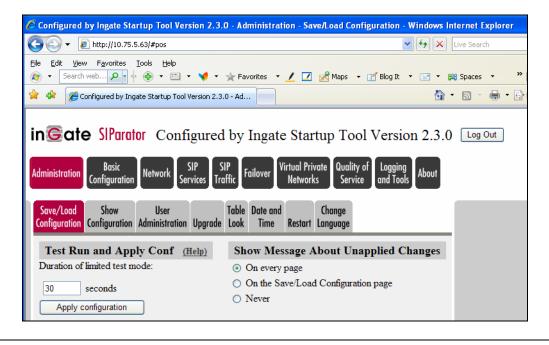
#### 7. Upload Configuration

Select the **Upload Configuration** tab to upload the configuration to the SIParator. Click the **Upload** button to begin the upload.



#### 8. **Apply Configuration**

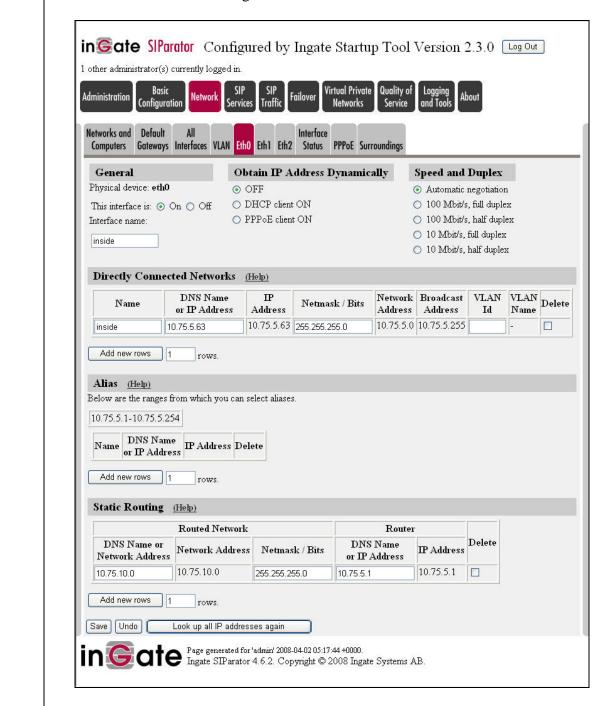
After uploading the configuration, the Startup Tool opens a web browser to the Administration Save/Load Configuration page of the SIParator. Click the Apply configuration button to apply the configuration. The Startup Tool configuration is complete at this point. However, additional configuration was required to support all the test cases in the compliance test. This configuration is performed using the SIParator web interface and is covered in the remaining steps.

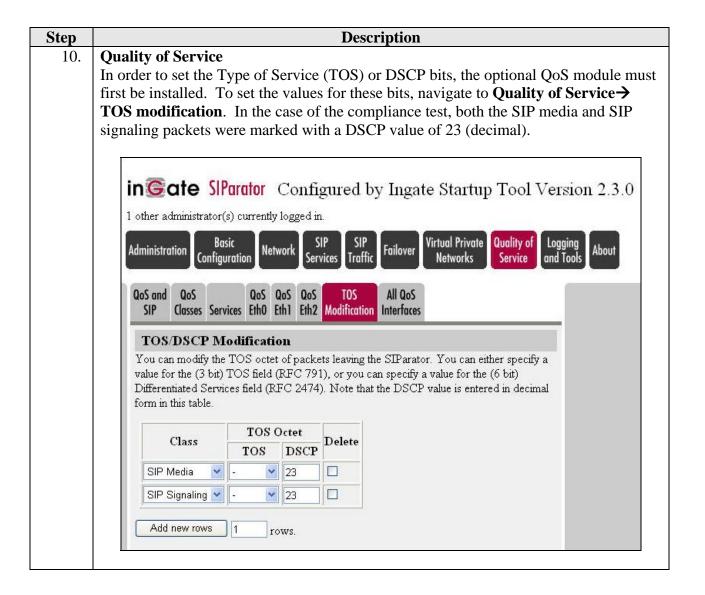


## **Step** Description

#### 9. **Configure Static Routes**

In order to support endpoints on other networks within the enterprise other than the subnet to which the SIParator is directly connected, then a static route must be configured on the internal interface. In the case of the compliance test, one endpoint was located on the 10.75.10.0/24 network. Thus, to view the static route configured for this network, navigate to **Network→Eth0**. Scroll down to the **Static Routing** section. In this case, the routed network with **Network Address** 10.75.10.0 and **Netmask** of 255.255.255.0 is reached using **Router IP address** 10.75.5.1.





# 7. Interoperability Compliance Testing

This section describes the compliance testing used to verify the interoperability of the Ingate SIParator with Avaya SIP Enablement Services and Avaya Communication Manager using SIP trunking. This section covers the general test approach and the test results.

## 7.1. General Test Approach

The general test approach was to make calls between the two sites using various codec settings and exercising common PBX features.

#### 7.2. Test Results

The SIParator passed compliance testing. The following features and functionality were verified. Any observations related to these tests are listed at the end of this section.

- Successful registrations of endpoints at the main and branch sites.
- Calls from both SIP and non-SIP endpoints between sites.

- G.711MU and G.729AB codec support
- Proper recognition of DTMF transmissions by navigating voicemail menus.
- Proper operation of voicemail with message waiting indicators (MWI).
- PBX features including Hold, Transfer, Call Waiting, Call Forwarding and Conference.
- Extended telephony features using Avaya Communication Manager Feature Name Extensions (FNE) such as Conference On Answer, Call Park, Call Pickup, Automatic Redial and Send All Calls. For more information on FNEs, please refer to [4].
- Proper system recovery after a SIParator restart and loss of IP connection.

# 8. Verification Steps

The following steps may be used to verify the configuration:

- From the Avaya Communication Manager SAT, use the **status signaling-group** command to verify that the SIP signaling group is in-service.
- From the Avaya Communication Manager SAT, use the **status trunk-group** command to verify that the SIP trunk group is in-service.
- From the Avaya SES web administration interface, verify that all endpoints are registered with the local Avaya SES. To view, navigate to **Users**-**> Registered Users**.
- Verify that calls can be placed from both SIP and non-SIP endpoints between sites.

# 9. Support

For technical support on the SIParator, contact Ingate via the support link at <a href="www.ingate.com">www.ingate.com</a>.

### 10. Conclusion

The Ingate SIParator passed compliance testing. These Application Notes describe the procedures required to configure the Ingate SIParator to interoperate with Avaya SIP Enablement Services and Avaya Communication Manager to support SIP trunking between enterprise locations as shown in **Figure 1**.

## 11. Additional References

- [1] Feature Description and Implementation For Avaya Communication Manager, Doc # 555-245-205, Issue 6.0, January 2008.
- [2] Administrator Guide for Avaya Communication Manager, Doc # 03-300509, Issue 4, January 2008.
- [3] SIP support in Avaya Communication Manager Running on Avaya S8xxx, Servers, Doc # 555-245-206, Issue 8, January 2008.
- [4] Avaya Extension to Cellular and Off-PBX Station (OPS) Installation and Administration Guide Release 3.0, version 6.0, Doc # 210-100-500, Issue 9, June 2005
- [5] Installing and Administering SIP Enablement Services, Doc# 03-600768, Issue 5, January 2008.
- [6] Avaya IA 770 INTUITY AUDIX Messaging Application Release 5.0, Administering Communication Manager Servers to Work with IA 770, January 2008.
- [7] Concepts and Examples ScreenOS Reference Guide, Release 5.4.0, Rev.B.
- [8] Ingate SIParator Getting Started Guide.
- [9] Ingate SIParator Reference Guide.

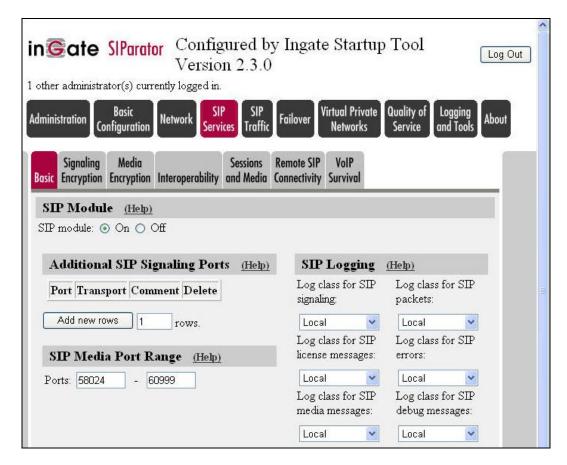
Product documentation for Avaya products may be found at <a href="http://support.avaya.com">http://support.avaya.com</a>.

*	ww.ingate.com.		

# **Appendix A: SIParator SIP Configuration**

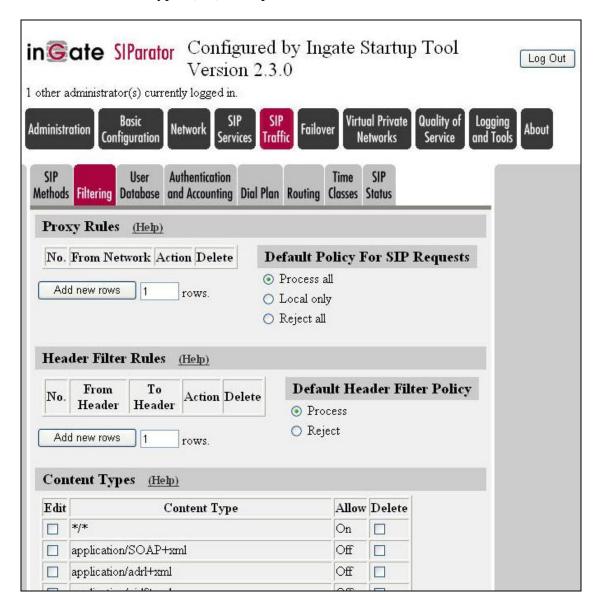
This section contains the key SIP configuration screens resulting from the procedure described in **Section 6** using the Ingate Startup Tool. These screens are included only as a reference with minimal explanation.

## SIP Services → Basic Page



#### **SIP Traffic** → **Filtering** Page

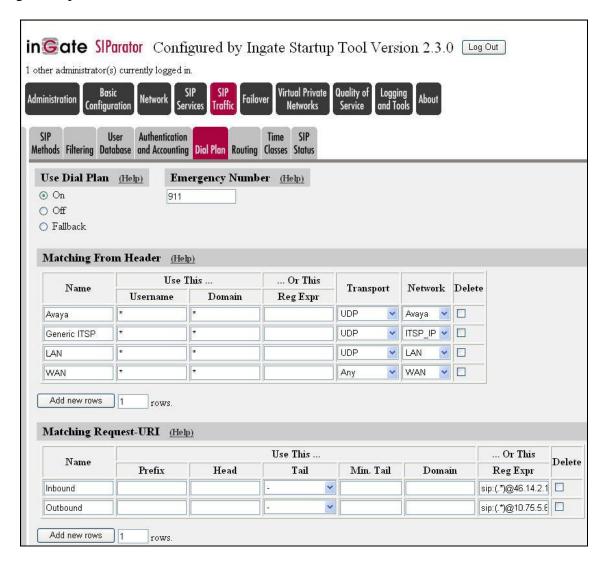
In the **Proxy Rules** section, **Process all** is selected. In the **Content Types** section, the first entry in the table allows all content types (\*/\*) to be processed.



#### **SIP Traffic** → **Dial Plan** Page (Part 1)

In the **Matching From Header** section, four separate matching criteria are defined that can be used to match the SIP From header. The From header criteria named *Avaya* matches traffic from the local Avaya SES. The criteria named *Generic ITSP* matches the remote Avaya SES. The criteria named *LAN* matches any traffic on the trusted LAN that did not match the local Avaya SES. Lastly, the criteria named *WAN* matches any traffic from the WAN that did not match the remote Avaya SES.

In the **Matching Request-URI** section, two separate matching criteria are defined that can be used to match the SIP Request-URI. The Matching Request-URI criteria named *Inbound* will match the associated regular expression shown in the table. Similarly, the criteria named *Outbound* will match the regular expression associated with it in the table.



#### **SIP Traffic** → **Dial Plan** Page (Part 2)

In the **Forward To** section, two separate forwarding criteria are defined. The Forward To criteria named *Avaya* (which is not the same as the Matching From Header criteria named *Avaya*) will change the Request-URI of the forwarded message using the regular expression associated with it in the table and send the request to the IP address defined in the expression. The Forward To criteria named *Generic ITSP* will use its regular expression in the same manner to forward the message.

In the **Dial Plan** section, the criteria defined in the previous three sections are used to define the routing of SIP calls. For example, the first route defines that messages that match the **From Header** criteria named *Avaya* and **Request-URI** criteria named *Outbound* should be forwarded using the **Forward To** criteria named *Generic ITSP*.



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